

聊城大学 2012 年硕士研究生入学考试初试试题

考试科目	[616]基础英语(含语言学及英美文学基础知识)	A 卷
适用专业	英语语言文学 外国语言学及应用语言学	

注意事项: 1、本试题共 6 道大题(共 90 个小题), 满分 150 分。
 2、本卷为试题, 答题另有答题纸。答案一律写在答题纸上, 写在该试题纸上或草稿纸上无效。
 3、答题必须用蓝、黑钢笔或圆珠笔书写, 其它均无效。
 4、特殊要求携带的用具请注明, 没有特殊要求填“无” 无

I. Multiple Choice. (30 points/ 1 point each)

Directions: There are 30 sentences in this section. Beneath each sentence there are four words or phrase marked A, B, C and D. Choose one word or phrases that best completes the sentence. Mark your answers on your Answer Sheet.

- As thousands upon thousands of travelers from abroad come to this city for summer vacation, the mayor should take steps to _____ the holiday rush.
 A. live up to B. cope with C. take the opportunity to D. seek out for
- He often helps me with my English _____ he is quite busy.
 A. otherwise B. always C. although D. no matter
- By the end of 2008, the corporation had to sell all products cheaply, prices had fallen _____, as advanced economics had undergone a profound transition because of the Globalization.
 A. dangerously B. catastrophically C. convictionally D. apparently
- This Linguaphone Advanced English Course is intended for students _____ already have a good command of the basic grammar of English and are familiar with a reasonable wide selection of vocabulary.
 A. they B. that C. who D. which
- She told us the story of one of America's most _____ country house murders that happened in recent years.
 A. notorious B. renowned C. honoured D. glorious
- City workers are working _____ to put out the big fire which has been burning for three days.
 A. happily B. passionately C. delightedly D. feverishly
- Had Judy been more careful on the mathematics exam, she _____ much better results now.
 A. would be getting B. could have got C. must get D. would get
- Nine is to three _____ three is to one.
 A. when B. that C. which D. what
- Men differ from animals _____ they can think and speak.
 A. for which B. for that C. in that D. in which
- _____ he wanted to go out with his friends at the weekend, he had to stay behind to finish his assignment.
 A. Much though B. Much as C. As much D. Though much
- David has failed three courses this semester, so he will have to _____ them next semester.
 A. remake B. retake C. reapply D. revise
68. The thieves flee with the local police close on their _____.
 A. backs B. necks C. toes D. heels
- The economic recession has meant that job _____ is a rare thing.
 A. security B. safety C. protection D. secureness
- A one-party state can be the start of _____ towards fascism.
 A. jumping stone B. indiscipline C. the slippery slope D. perception

15. They _____ the spirit of the sportsmanship throughout the season.
A. seek out B. groped for C. tried on D. live up to
16. Many students today display a disturbing willingness _____ choose academic institutions, fields of study and careers _____ the basis of earning potential.
A. about ... at B. to ... on C. to ... of D. on ... at
17. The heart of effective time management is in weekly time organization; _____, you also need a semester-long calendar to lay _____ all of your major obligations.
A. besides ... at B. however ... out C. certainly ... for D. meanwhile ... forward
18. In recent years Hollywood movies _____ European films.
A. called for B. involved in C. pushing aside D. crowded out
19. I like the photo very much as it is the only photo that shows me in a natural, relaxed _____.
A. pose B. position C. Composed D. rear
20. She _____ her purse tightly, threading her way through the throng.
A. upheld B. clutched C. squeezed D. sneaked
21. The cast went in _____ when they heard about the Academy Award nomination.
A. lavish B. piquancy C. ecstasies D. panic
22. She caught _____ and persuaded him to accept her opinion.
A. the minister's ear B. the ministers' ear C. the minister's ears D. the ministers' ears
23. Whenever he runs _____ a difficulty he always comes to me for help.
A. round to B. in with C. out of D. up against
24. Much _____, the outcome of the experiment was far better than they had expected.
A. as they hoped B. for their release C. to the researchers' surprise D. more conviction
25. Only when William reached his thirties _____ that reading cannot be neglected.
A. has he understand B. did he realize C. had he acknowledged D. would he accept
26. Irina would rather join her friends as a volunteer _____ the beach for a holiday.
A. to go B. than flying C. than go to D. for sailing to
27. I'll never forget _____ you for the first time.
A. to meet B. meeting C. to have met D. having to be meeting
28. Cancellation of the flight _____ many passengers to spend the night at the airport.
A. resulted B. obliged C. demanded D. recommended
29. The government dislikes this magazine because it prints _____ ideas.
A. subversive B. substantial C. subsequent D. subsidiary
30. _____ in a recent science competition, the three students were awarded scholarships totaling \$18,000.
A. Judged the best B. Judging the best C. To be judged the best D. Having judged the best

II. Close (20 points/ 1 point each)

Directions: There are 20 blanks in the following passage. For each blank there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the ONE answer that best fits into the passage. Then write the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet.

There are many superstitions in Britain, but one of the most __31__ held is that it is unlucky to walk under a ladder even if it means __32__ the pavement into a busy street! __33__ you must pass under a ladder you can __34__ bad luck by crossing your fingers and __35__ them crossed until you have seen a dog. __36__, you may lick your finger and __37__ a cross on the toe of your shoe, and not look again at the shoe until the __38__ has dried.

Another common __39__ is that it is unlucky to open an umbrella in the house-it will either bring __40__ to the person who opened it or to the whole __41__. Anyone opening an umbrella in fine weather is __42__, as it inevitably brings rain!

The number 13 is said to be unlucky for some, and when the 13th day of the month __43__ on

a Friday, anyone wishing to avoid a bad event had better stay __44__. The worst misfortune that can happen to a person is caused by breaking a mirror, __45__ it brings seven years of bad luck! The superstition is supposed to __46__ in ancient times, when mirrors were considered to be tools of the gods.

Black cats are generally considered lucky in Britain, even though they are __47__ witchcraft. It is __48__ lucky if a black cat crosses your path-although in America the exact opposite belief prevails.

Finally, a commonly held superstition is that of touching wood __49__ luck. This measure is most often taken if you think you have said something that is tempting fate, such as "my car has never __50__, touch wood?"

- | | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| 31. A. broadly | B. widely | C. quickly | D. speedily |
| 32. A. running from | B. jumping off | C. stepping off | D. keeping from |
| 33. A. If | B. As | C. Though | D. Unless |
| 34. A. erase | B. remove | C. avoid | D. ease |
| 35. A. keep | B. keeping | C. kept | D. to keep |
| 36. A. Consequently | B. However | C. Comparatively | D. Alternatively |
| 37. A. make | B. print | C. perform | D. produce |
| 38. A. label | B. symbol | C. mark | D. cut |
| 39. A. argument | B. superstition | C. opinion | D. idea |
| 40. A. loss | B. difficulty | C. tragedy | D. misfortune |
| 41. A. house | B. household | C. home | D. circle |
| 42. A. unwise | B. unintelligent | C. unpopular | D. unfortunate |
| 43. A. falls | B. arrives | C. drops | D. happens |
| 44. A. away | B. outdoors | C. indoors | D. far |
| 45. A. when | B. as | C. if | D. though |
| 46. A. have originated | B. be originating | C. be originated | D. originate |
| 47. A. concerned about | B. related with | C. associated with | D. connected in |
| 48. A. especially | B. specially | C. frequently | D. rarely |
| 49. A. as | B. for | C. in | D. of |
| 50. A. broken up | B. broken off | C. broken away | D. broken down |

III. General Knowledge (20 points/ 1point each)

Directions: There are 20 multiple-choice questions in this section. Choose the best answer to each question. Mark your answers on your Answer Sheet.

51. The study of _____ is Syntax.
A. a textual organization B. sentence structures C. word formation D. language functions
52. Which of the following is NOT a distinctive feature of human language?
A. arbitrariness B. productivity C. cultural transmission D. finiteness
53. The Speech Act Theory was first put forward by _____.
A. John Scarl B. John Austin C. M.A.K. Halliday D. Noam Chomsky
54. "-ceive" in *perceive* and *conceive* is _____.
A. a prefix B. an infix C. a suffix D. a bound morpheme
55. The critical period for first language acquisition is believed to be between the age of _____.
A. 18 months and 4 years B. 6 months and 18 month
C. 4 years and 16 years D. 18 months and 16 years
56. Language is a tool of communication. The symbol "Highway Closed" on a highway serves
A. an expressive function B. an informative function
C. a performative function D. a persuasive function.

57. The distinction between parole and language was made by _____.
 A. Halliday B. Chomsky C. Bloomfield D. Saussure
58. _____ is D.H. Lawrence's semi-autographical novel.
 A. *Sons and Lovers* B. *Women in Love* C. *Rainbow* D. *Lady Chatterley's lover*
59. Which of the following is NOT true for Ralph Waldo Emerson?
 A. A great thinker B. A famous novelist C. A well-known essayist D. A poet
60. George Gordon Byron was famous for the following works EXCEPT _____.
 A. *Child Harold's Pilgrimage* B. *Queen Mab* C. *Hours of Idleness* D. *Don Juan*
61. *The Financier* is written by _____.
 A. Mark Twain B. Henry James C. William Faulkner D. Theodore Dreiser
62. As a literary figure, Heathcliff appears in _____.
 A. *Jane Eyre* B. *Oliver Twist* C. *Wuthering Height* D. *Middlemarch*
63. *The Catcher in the Rye* is a 1951 novel by _____.
 A. Arthur Miller B. J. D. Salinger C. F. S. Fitzgerald D. Jack Kerouac
64. A sonnet is one of several forms of poetry that originate in Europe, mainly Provence and Italy. A sonnet commonly has _____ lines.
 A. 13 B. 16 C. 14 D. 15
65. The British people hold _____ as the festival to remember the people who died in the two World Wars.
 A. Easter Monday B. Armistice Day C. Guy Fawkes Day D. Boxing Day
66. *The Emancipation Proclamation* to end the slavery plantation system in the South of the U.S. was issued by _____.
 A. Abraham Lincoln B. Thomas Paine C. George Washington D. Thomas Jefferson
67. Which of the following statements is NOT true about the Prime Minister in Britain?
 A. He is appointed by the Queen B. He is Minister for the Civil Service
 C. He sits in the House of Commons D. He is elected every four years
68. Which of the following is the oldest sport in the United States?
 A. Baseball B. Tennis C. Basketball D. American football
69. The first immigrants in American history came from _____.
 A. England and Germany B. England and Ireland
 C. England and the Netherlands D. England and Spain
70. Ireland is divided into two political parts: _____.
 A. Northern Ireland and southern Ireland B. Southern Ireland and the Republic of Ireland
 C. the Republic of Ireland and Northern Ireland D. Northern Ireland and Britain

IV. Reading Comprehension (40 points/ 2 point each)

Directions: There are 4 passages in this part. Each passage is followed by some questions or unfinished statements. For each of them there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. You should decide on the best choice and write the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet.

Passage 1

There is a popular belief among parents that schools are no longer interested in spelling. No school I have taught in has ever ignored spelling or considered it unimportant as a basic skill. There are, however, vastly different ideas about how to teach it, or how much priority it must be given over general language development and writing without holding him back with the complexities of spelling?

If spelling becomes the only focal point of his teacher's interest, clearly a bright child will be likely to "play safe". He will tend to write only words within his spelling range, choosing to avoid adventurous language. That's why teachers often encourage the early use of dictionaries and pay attention to content rather than technical ability.

I was once shocked to read on the bottom of a sensitive piece of writing about a personal experience: "This work is terrible! There are far too many spelling errors and your writing is illegible." It may have been a sharp criticism of the pupil's technical abilities in writing, but it was also a sad reflection on the teacher who had omitted to read the essay, which contained some beautiful expressions of the child's deep feelings. The teacher was not wrong to draw attention to the errors, but if his priorities had centered on the child's ideas, an expression of his disappointment with the presentation would have given the pupil more motivation to seek improvement.

71. Teachers differ in their opinions about _____.

- A. the difficulties in teaching spelling
- B. the role of spelling in general language development
- C. the complexities of the basic writing skills
- D. the necessity of teaching spelling

72. The expression "play safe" probably means "_____".

- A. to write carefully
- B. to do as teachers say
- C. to use dictionaries frequently
- D. to avoid using words one is not sure of

73. Teachers encourage the use of dictionaries so that _____.

- A. students will be able to express their ideas more freely
- B. teachers will have less trouble in correcting mistakes
- C. students will have more confidence in writing
- D. students will learn to be independent of teachers

74. The writer seems to think that the teacher's judgement on that sensitive piece of writing is _____.

- A. reasonable
- B. unfair
- C. foolish
- D. careless

75. The major point discussed in the passage is _____.

- A. the importance of developing writing skills
- B. the complexities of spelling
- C. the correct way of marking compositions
- D. the relationship between spelling and the content of a composition

Passage 2

Not too many decades ago it seemed "obvious" both to the general public and to sociologists that modern society has changed people's natural relations, loosened their responsibilities to kin and neighbors, and substituted in their place superficial relationships with passing acquaintances. However, in recent years a growing body of research has revealed that the "obvious" is not true. It seems that if you are a city resident, you typically know a smaller proportion of your neighbors than you do if you are a resident of a smaller community. But, for the most part, this fact has few significant consequences. It does not necessarily follow that if you know few of your neighbors you will know no one else.

Even in very large cities, people maintain close social ties within small, private social worlds. Indeed, the number and quality of meaningful relationships do not differ between more and less urban people. Small-town residents are more involved with kin than are big-city residents. Yet city dwellers compensate by developing friendships with people who share similar interests and activities. Urbanism may produce a different style of life, but the quality of life does not differ between town and city. Nor are residents of large communities any likelier to display psychological symptoms of stress or alienation, a feeling of not belonging, than are residents of smaller communities. However, city dwellers do worry more about crime, and this leads them to a distrust of strangers.

These findings do not imply that urbanism makes little or no difference. If neighbors are strangers to one another, they are less likely to sweep the sidewalk of an elderly couple living next door or keep an eye out for young trouble makers. Moreover, as Wirth suggested, there may be a link between a community's population size and its social heterogeneity. For instance, sociologists have found much evidence that the size of a community is associated with bad behavior including gambling, drugs, etc. Large-city urbanites are also more likely than their small-town counterparts to have a cosmopolitan outlook, to display less responsibility to traditional kinship roles, to vote for leftist political candidates, and to be tolerant of nontraditional religious groups, unpopular political groups, and so-called undesirables. Everything considered, heterogeneity and unusual behavior seem to be outcomes of large population size.

76. Which of the following statements best describes the organization of the first paragraph?

- A. Two contrasting views are presented.
- B. An argument is examined and possible solutions given.
- C. Research results concerning the quality of urban life are presented in order of time.
- D. A detailed description of the difference between urban and small-town life is given.

77. According to the passage, it was once a common belief that urban residents _____.

- A. did not have the same interests as their neighbors
- B. could not develop long-standing relationships
- C. tended to be associated with bad behavior
- D. usually had more friends

78. One of the consequences of urban life is that impersonal relationships among neighbors _____.

- A. disrupt people's natural relations
- B. make them worry about crime
- C. cause them not to show concern for one another
- D. cause them to be suspicious of each other

79. It can be inferred from the passage that the bigger a community is _____.

- A. the better its quality of life
- B. the more similar its interests
- C. the more tolerant and open-minded it is
- D. the likelier it is to display psychological symptoms of stress

80. What is the passage mainly about?

- A. Similarities in the interpersonal relationships between urbanites and small-town dwellers.
- B. Advantages of living in big cities as compared with living in small towns.

- C. The positive role that urbanism plays in modern life.
D. The strong feeling of alienation of city inhabitants.

Passage 3

Engineering students are supposed to be examples of practicality and rationality, but when it comes to my college education I am an idealist and a fool. In high school I wanted to be an electrical engineer and, of course, any sensible student with my aims would have chosen a college with a large engineering department, famous reputation and lots of good labs and research equipment. But that's not what I did.

I chose to study engineering at a small liberal-arts university that doesn't even offer a major in electrical engineering. Obviously, this was not a practical choice; I came here for more noble reasons. I wanted a broad education that would provide me with flexibility and a value system to guide me in my career. I wanted to open my eyes and expand my vision by interacting with people who weren't studying science or engineering. My parents, teachers and other adults praised me for such a sensible choice. They told me I was wise and mature beyond my 18 years, and I believed them.

I headed off to college sure I was going to have an advantage over those students who went to big engineering "factories" where they didn't care if you have values or were flexible. I was going to be a complete engineer: technical genius and sensitive humanist all in one.

Now I'm not so sure. Somewhere along the way my noble ideals crashed into reality, as all noble ideals eventually do. After three years of struggling to balance math, physics and engineering courses with liberal-arts courses, I have learned there are reasons why few engineering students try to reconcile engineering with liberal-arts courses in college.

The reality that has blocked my path to become the typical successful student is that engineering and the liberal arts simply don't mix as easily as I assumed in high school. Individually they shape a person in very different ways; together they threaten to confuse. The struggle to reconcile the two fields of study is difficult.

81. The author chose to study engineering at a small liberal-arts university because he _____.

- A. wanted to be an example of practicality and rationality
B. intended to be a combination of engineer and humanist
C. wanted to coordinate engineering with liberal-arts courses in college
D. intended to be a sensible student with noble ideals.

82. According to the author, by interacting with people who study liberal arts, engineering students can _____.

- A. balance engineering and the liberal arts
B. receive guidance in their careers
C. become noble idealists
D. broaden their horizons

83. In the eyes of the author, a successful engineering student is expected _____.

- A. to have an excellent academic record
B. to be wise and mature
C. to be imaginative with a value system to guide him
D. to be a technical genius with a wide vision

84. The author's experience shows that he was _____.

- A. creative B. ambitious C. unrealistic D. irrational

85. The word “they” in “...together they threaten to confuse.” (Line 3, Para.5) refers to _____.
- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| A. engineering and the liberal arts | B. reality and noble ideals |
| C. flexibility and a value system | D. practicality and rationality |

Passage 4

A class action lawsuit has been filed against a prominent Toronto doctor by patients who allege he injected a banned substance into their faces for cosmetic purposes. The doctor had already been investigated for more than three years for using the liquid silicone, a product not authorized for use in Canada.

Some patients say they are now suffering health problems and think the liquid silicone may be to blame. One of those patients is Anna Barbiero. She says her Toronto dermatologist told her he was using liquid silicone to smooth out wrinkles. What she says he didn't tell her is that it isn't approved for use in Canada. “I didn't know what liquid silicone was and he just called it ‘liquid gold’,” Barbiero remembers. After her last treatment, Anna discovered Dr. Sheldon Pollack had been ordered to stop using the silicone two years earlier by Health Canada. Experts say silicone can migrate through the body, and cause inflammation and deformities.

“My upper lip is always numb and it burns,” Barbiero says. Barbiero is spearheading a lawsuit against the doctor, who her lawyer thinks might involve up to 100 patients injected with the same material. “The fact, a physician of his stature would use an unauthorized product on a patient because he thought it was okay, is really very disturbing,” says lawyer Douglas Elliott.

Ontario's College of Physicians and Surgeons is also investigating Dr. Pollack to see if, in fact, he continued to use the silicone after agreeing to stop and whether he wrote in patient records that he used another legal product when he used silicone. However, in a letter to the College, Dr. Pollack wrote that he had always told patients that the silicone was not approved for sale in Canada, and had warned them of the risks. And in Barbiero's case, “... at the time of her first visit, prior to her ever receiving IGLS treatment, I specifically informed her that the material was not approved for sale in Canada by the Health Protection Branch and that I did receive the material from outside the country ... I would like to emphasize that, as is evident on Ms. Barbiero's chart, I drew a specific diagram on the chart which I carefully discussed with and explained to Ms. Barbiero as I did with every other patient to explain the nature and likelihood of complications and the reasons and consequences of those possible complications.”

Dr. Pollack declined to speak to CTV News, or to have his lawyer discuss the case. None of the allegations have been proven in court. But the case raises questions about the ability of governing bodies to monitor doctors. “There's a larger message and that is: buyer beware,” says Nancy Neilsen of Cosmetic Surgery Canada, “Consumers are supposed to do their research.”

86. Doctor Sheldon Pollack was charged that _____.
- | |
|---|
| A. he had prescribed wrong medicine for patients by mistake |
| B. he had treated his patients with something illegal, causing bad result |
| C. he had pretended to be a prominent surgeon |
| D. he had sold an unauthorized product in large amount |

87. What does the word "dermatologist" (Line 2, Para. 2) mean?
- A. A person whose work is filling, cleaning and taking out teeth.
 B. A person whose work is studying mental diseases.
 C. A person whose work is healing eye diseases.
 D. A person whose work is curing skin diseases.
88. The investigation of Ontario's College of Physicians and Surgeons is to find _____.
 A. whether he still has illegal treatment on his patients
 B. how many patients have been abused
 C. if he told his patients about the risk
 D. how much money he got from his illegal treatment
89. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?
 A. Barbiero took the treatment after being told the risk.
 B. Dr. Pollack started his work with the patients' agreement to accept the potential risk.
 C. A famous doctor should be authorized to use something he thinks okay on patients.
 D. Barbiero is suffering a lot.
90. From the ending part of the passage, we can conclude that _____.
 A. Barbiero will win the lawsuit B. Dr. Pollack will win the lawsuit
 C. the cases have been dismissed D. governing bodies to monitor doctor will be charged

V. Translation (20 points)

Section A: (10 points)

Directions: Translate the following passage into Chinese. Write your answer on the Answer Sheet.

Try to imagine a world without Walt Disney. A world without his magic, whimsy, and optimism. Walt Disney transformed the entertainment industry into what we know today. He pioneered the fields of animation, and found new ways to teach, and educate. He was a creator; an imaginative, and aesthetic person. Even 45 years after his death, we still continue to grasp his ideas, and his creations, remembering him for everything he's done for us.

Section B: (10 points)

Directions: Translate the following passage into English. Write your answer on the Answer Sheet.

旅游业是最近二十年来在世界各地迅速发展的一個经济部门，现在正引起中国公众愈来愈大的注意。许多人给报纸写信，就促进中国的旅游业的发展提出了种种建议。人们的看法是，发展旅游业将有助于促进中国人民和其他国家人民之间的相互了解和友谊，并将有利于文化、科学、技术方面的交流。还会有助于为中国的伟大事业积累资金。

VI. Writing (20 points)

Now online shopping has become a fashion. Online shopping has many advantages, but also has many problems. How do you think of this phenomenon? What are your suggestions? Please write an essay of about 200 words on the following topic:

Online Shopping

In the first part of your writing you should state clearly your main argument, and in the second part you should support your argument with appropriate details. In the last part you should bring what you have written to a natural conclusion or make a summary.

Marks will be awarded for content, organization, grammar and appropriateness. Failure to follow the above instructions may result in a loss of marks.

Write your essay on you Answer Sheet.