

科目代码: 880

科目名称: 综合英语

**PART ONE 50 points****I. Explain the following terms briefly within 60 words (30 points)**

1. Plato    2. Alice Walker    3. *The Homecoming*  
 4. Darcy    5. *The Forsyte Saga*    6. Postmodernism

**II. The following is John Keats's poem "Ode to a Nightingale". Read it first and then write a short essay of literary criticism on it in about 300 words. (20 points)**

My heart aches, and a drowsy numbness pains  
 My sense, as though of hemlock I had drunk,

Or emptied some dull opiate to the drains  
 One minute past, and Lethe-words had sunk:

To sink through envy of thy happy lot,  
 But being me happy in thine happiness,—  
 Then thou, light-winged Dryad of the trees,  
 In some melodious plot

Of herchen green, and shadows numberless,  
 Singest of summer in full-throated ease:

2.

O, for a draught of vintage! that hath been  
 Cen'd a long age in the deep-delved earth,  
 Tasting of Flora and the country green,  
 Dance, and Provençal song, and sunburnt mirth!

O be a breaker full of the warm South,  
 Full of the true, the blushing Hippocrate,  
 With beaded bubbles winking at the beam,  
 And purple-stained mouth,

That quaffs the dark, and leaves the world unseen,  
 And flings the lids away into the forest dim:

3.

... and quite forget

What thou among the leaves hast never known,

The weariness, the fever, and the fret

Here, where men sit and hear each other groan;

Where palsy shakes a few, sad, last gray hairs,

Where youth grows pale, and spectre-thin, and dies,

Where but to think is to be full of sorrow

And leaden-eyed despairs,

Where Beauty cannot keep her lustrous eyes,

Or new Love pine at them beyond to-morrow.

4.

Away! Away! For I will fly to thee,

Not charmed by Bacchus and his parks,

But on the viewless wings of Poetry,

Though the dull brain perplexes and retards

Already with thee! Tamer is the night,

And hushly the Queen-Moon is in her throne,

Closet'd amid by all her starry Eyes,

But here there is no light,

Sure what from heaven is with the breezes blown

Through verdurous glooms and winding mossy ways?

5.

I cannot see what flowers are at my feet,

Nor what soft incense hangs upon the boughs,

Read it first and  
words. (20 points)

but never known,  
a but.

or each other given,

not give him,

spectre-thin, and thin;

or full of sorrow

sorrow,

unseen eyes,

used to observe

the parts,

and make

the world

and the world

But, in embalmed darkness, guess each sweet  
Wherewith the mummable mouth endows  
The grape, the thicket, and the fruit-tree wild;  
White hawthorn, and the pastoral eglantine;  
Fast fading violet cover'd up in leaves,  
And mid-May's eldest child,  
The coasting black-rose, full of dewy wine,  
The numerous hosts of flies on summer eves.

6

Darling I listen; and, for many a time  
I have been half in love with easel Death,  
Call'd him soft names in many a muted rhyme,  
To take unto the air my quiet breath;  
Now more than ever seems it such to die,  
Than even upon the midnight with no pain,  
While thou art pouring forth thy soul abroad  
In such an ecstasy!  
Still wouldst thou sing, and I have ears in vain—  
To thy high requiem become a徒.

7

There was not born for death, immortal Bird!

No hungry generations tread their down,  
The voice I hear this passing night was bated  
In ancient days by emperor and clown:  
Perhaps the self-same song that found a path  
Through the sad heart of Ruth, when, sick for home,  
She stood in tears amid the alien corn.  
The same that oft-times hath  
Charm'd magic curtains, opening on the bourn  
Of perilous seas, or fairy lands far gone.

8

Forlorn? the very word is like a hell?  
To bid me back from thee to my sole self?  
Adieu! the fancy cannot silent so well  
As she is fain'd to do, deceiving elf.  
Adieu! adieu! thy plaintive anthem fails  
Past the near meadows, over the still streams,  
Up the hill-side, and now 'tis buried deep  
In the next valley-glades:  
Was it a vision, or a waking dream?  
Fled is that music.—Do I wake or sleep?

## PART TWO 35 points

I: Fill in the blanks in the passages with the right word or phrase from the choices given after the passages, and write down the corresponding letter of your choice for each numbered blank on the answer sheet. There may be more than one blank that have the same number. The same numbered blanks should have the same choice, and same choice may be used more than once. (20 points)

For example:

\_\_\_\_\_ (1897-1962), \_\_\_\_\_ novelist, known for his epic portrayal, in some 20 novels, of the tragic conflict between the old and the new South. \_\_\_\_\_'s plots and narrative style alienated many readers of his early works, but he was regarded later as one of the greatest \_\_\_\_\_ writers. His major works include *As I Lay Dying* (1930), the story of a family's journey to bury a mother, *Light in August* (1932) and *The Sound and the Fury* (1936), about Thomas Sutpen's attempt to found a Southern

**II. Define the following terms on the Answer Sheet (10).**

1. enunciation
2. voicing
3. enunciation
4. hyperonymy
5. word class

**III.** Speakers of Urdu, a language of Pakistan and India think the words in the first column imitate various natural sounds. Match each imitative word in the first column with the words in the second column (5)

-----ting-ting	1. a cat
-----moo-moo	2. a horse
-----she	3. a slumbering door
-----tah-ee	4. a bell
-----cuck-oo-choo	5. a cock

**IV.** Write down on the Answer Sheet the letters indicating the words that begin with a sound as required (4)

For example: (1) A (2) B (3) C (4) D

(1) an alveolar consonant

- (A) sick, (B) tick, (C) sick, (D) tick, (E) tick, (F) quick

(2) a labiodental consonant

- (A) rat (B) rat (C) sat (D) mat (E) chat (F) vat (G) pat

(3) a palato-alveolar consonant

- (A) sup (B) shop (C) tip (D) chap (E) lip (F) zip

(4) an approximant

- (A) sun (B) was (C) yolk (D) rush

Complete the words with suitable negative prefixes (6). Write the words on the Answer Sheet.

antagonistic

1. \_\_\_\_\_ human

**Section II:** Fill in the blanks in the passages with the right word or phrase from the choices given after the passages, and write down the corresponding letter of your choice for each numbered blank on the answer sheet. Some number may have more than one blank. (12 points)

For example:

\_\_\_\_\_1\_\_\_\_\_(1897-1962), \_\_\_\_\_2\_\_\_\_\_, novelist, known for his epic portrayal, in some 20 novels, of the tragic conflict between the old and the new South. \_\_\_\_\_1\_\_\_\_\_'s complex plots and narrative style alienated many readers of his early works, but he was recognized later as one of the greatest \_\_\_\_\_2\_\_\_\_\_. writers. His major works include *As I Lay Dying* (1930), the story of a family's journey to bury a mother; *Light in August* (1932); \_\_\_\_\_3\_\_\_\_\_(1936), about Thomas Sutpen's attempt to found a Southern dynasty.

Choices:

- (A) American (B) English (C) William Faulkner (D) D.H.Lawrence (E) Absalom, Absalom! (F) Rainbow

The correct answer format should be: Section II: 1 (C) 2(A) 3(E) ...

\_\_\_\_\_1\_\_\_\_\_K was a key figure in \_\_\_\_\_2\_\_\_\_\_C literature's transition from the 1800s to the 1900s. Although most of his novels were published before 1900 than after, his style, which was characterized by \_\_\_\_\_3\_\_\_\_\_G rather than physical realism, and his themes seemed a long way from much of 19th-century \_\_\_\_\_2\_\_\_\_\_C literature. His early novels and tales include *The Americans* (1877), *Davy Miller* (1879), and \_\_\_\_\_4\_\_\_\_\_D (1881).

\_\_\_\_\_5\_\_\_\_\_L (1828-1910), \_\_\_\_\_6\_\_\_\_\_B writer and moral philosopher, one of the world's greatest novelists. *War and Peace* tells the story of the restless, questing Pierre Bezukhov and two \_\_\_\_\_7\_\_\_\_\_-families in the years leading up to and following \_\_\_\_\_8\_\_\_\_\_I's invasion. After a break of a few years, during which he turned again to educating peasant children, \_\_\_\_\_5\_\_\_\_\_J returned to literature with his second masterpiece, \_\_\_\_\_9\_\_\_\_\_H (1875-1877), which paints a broad and detailed picture of all levels of \_\_\_\_\_6\_\_\_\_\_P life in the 1870s.

\_\_\_\_\_10\_\_\_\_\_P (1788-1824), English poet, who was one of the most important and versatile writers of the \_\_\_\_\_11\_\_\_\_\_F movement. He next established residence in Venice, where in the three years from 1816 to 1819 he produced, among other works, the first two cantos of *Don Juan* (1818-19), and the fourth and final canto of \_\_\_\_\_12\_\_\_\_\_L (1818).

- (A) English (B) Russian (C) American (D) realist (E) aristocratic (F) romantic (G) critical (H) Anna Karenina (I) Napoleon (J) Tolstoy (K) Henry James (L) Childe Harold's Pilgrimage (M) Shelley (N) Rainbow (O) The Portrait of a Lady (P) G. Gordon Noel

**Section III:** Explain the following.

1. writer (2 points)
2. Theme of the Absurd (1 point)
3. Narration (1 point)
4. Mark Twain's Tom and (1 point)

**Part Two (Total 35 Points)**

**Section I:** Fill in the blank with the right word or phrase from the choices given after the passage for each numbered blank on the answer sheet. (20 points)

United States, officially the \_\_\_\_\_1\_\_\_\_\_, is a federal republic consisting of the union of states and areas. The \_\_\_\_\_2\_\_\_\_\_, the capital, is located in the central \_\_\_\_\_3\_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_4\_\_\_\_\_, the second largest state, borders the central \_\_\_\_\_5\_\_\_\_\_. The most populous state is \_\_\_\_\_6\_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_7\_\_\_\_\_, the Pacific ocean, borders the western coast of the country. \_\_\_\_\_8\_\_\_\_\_, the most populous state, is located in the central \_\_\_\_\_9\_\_\_\_\_. The U.S. is a federal republic, with authority and the individual states \_\_\_\_\_10\_\_\_\_\_. United States, drawn up in \_\_\_\_\_11\_\_\_\_\_, is the nation's fundamental law, \_\_\_\_\_12\_\_\_\_\_, of the various federal departments. Agriculture, the Congress of the \_\_\_\_\_13\_\_\_\_\_, and a House of Representatives, the highest of which is the \_\_\_\_\_14\_\_\_\_\_. Choices (the first letter of each word is capitalized):

- (A) Pacific (B) Arctic (C) Atlantic (D) Mississippi (E) Great Lakes (F) Gulf of Mexico (G) Colorado (H) Hawaii (I) 1787 (J) 1791 (K) 1790 (L) 1792 (M) 1793 (N) 1794 (O) 1795 (P) 1796 (Q) 1797 (R) 1798 (S) 1799 (T) 1800 (U) 1801 (V) 1802 (W) 1803 (X) 1804 (Y) 1805 (Z) 1806

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- 1 The Sapir-Whorf hypothesis: The language we speak determines the way we perceive the world and therefore the nature of thought. It has two aspects: linguistic determinism and linguistic relativism.
- 2 Langue: it refers to the abstract linguistic systems shared by all the members of a speech community.
- 3 free morpheme: A free morpheme is a unit of meaning which can stand alone or alongside another free or bound morpheme.
- 4 Acronym: is a word created by combining the initials of a number of words, such as "UNESCO", which is formed from "United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization".
- 5 Pragmatics: The linguistic study of how meaning is conveyed in the process of communication.

## PART FOUR 15分

参考答案

(7c) 每年我都要对最新的福布斯亿万富翁研究，我都试图说服自己说，排在前面的财富的积累会服务于一种社会功能，而收入不平等是资本主义的一个标准特征。它使得最优秀的人得到收入最多的工作。它鼓励人们去努力学习和工作，至少会成会银行家。大笔的金钱回报促使人们追求卓越，因而带动经济增长。

但需要 1.27 万亿美元？那是几个花费高昂的医疗改革的十年费用。这不是一个普通的不平等，这是一种胜者获得一切的游戏。它会使除了很少的上层以外的所有人都失去动力。哈佛大学劳工经济学家卡茨敏感地指出，可以用更少的钱来产生追求卓越的动力。他有一次对我说：“我不认为有了 5000 万美元再去挣到 1 亿美元的动力，比有了 500 万美元再去挣到 1 千万美元的动力，有很大的不同。”

评分标准：翻译意思基本正确 12 分，准确到位加 4 分，整体印象加 4 分。大的理解错误每个扣 2 分。

wer sheet. Some numbers can

4. reserve, a show of modesty, a sense of humor, sportsmanship.
4. Washington, Benjamin Franklin, Thomas Jefferson.

#### Section II: List the items as required (15 points)

1. List the first three earliest colonial powers of the world
2. List three most influential newspapers in the United States. *Washington Post*, *New York Times*, *Journal of Wall Street*
3. List three most distinctive features of Englishmen
4. List three founding fathers of the United States
5. List the three nations that contribute to the origins of the western civilization.  
*Greece, Rome, Palestine*

#### Part Three (Total 35 points)

Define the following terms (15 分)

peripherality

unipolarity

centrality

isomorphic phonemics

complementary distribution

irregular words

backformation

government

relational theory

clitic groups, etc.

#### II. State the relationship between the following pair of words (20 分)

1. dragon vs. gavot
2. antonyms vs. synonyms
3. deep structure vs. surface structure
4. gradable antonyms vs. complementary antonyms
5. polyvalence vs. unvalence

#### Part Four (Total 30 points) Translation

##### Section I (16 points) Read the following passage and translate it into Chinese:

Nietzsche's ethic is not one of self-indulgence in any ordinary sense/he believes in Spartan courage and the capacity to endure as well as inflict pain the important ends/he admires the strength of will above all things/"the power of a will," he says. According to his account of ethics it can suffer and the amount of pain and torture it can endure and know how to turn to a advantage/He has no point to the evil and pain of existence with the finger of reproach/one cannot say that life may one day become more evil and more full of suffering than

## 入学考试试题

## 综合英语

choices given, and write down  
the answer sheet, for example,

A, which presents knightly

study

B

D Arthur Miller

by Marcel Proust

Finnegans Wake

as an imagination and memory

education for C

talents and rewards

and love after between human

- A. picturesque    B. love    C. tragic    D. comic
12. Henry Wadsworth Longfellow's poetry is noted for its C.  
 A. art for art's sake    B. originality    C. didacticism    D. innovation
13. Joseph Heller's Catch-22 is a popular novel of black humor, the action of which takes place in the Air Force during B.  
 A. World War I    B. World War II    C. Spanish War    D. The Civil War
14. A was about a southern beauty who was full of delusion and was finally driven to insanity.  
 A. *A Streetcar named Desire*    B. *Who's Afraid of Virginia Woolf?*  
 C. *Death of A Salesman*    D. *The Glass Menagerie*
15. The Color Purple, written by D, centers on the life of Celie, a black woman who has been raped by the man she believed to be her father.  
 A. Toni Morrison    B. Thomas Pynchon    C. Flannery O'Connor    D. Alice Walker
16. The villain in Shakespeare's Othello is D.  
 A. Edmund    B. Laertes    C. Claudius    D. Iago
17. The line "It was the best of times, it was the worst of times, it was the age of wisdom, it was the age of foolishness ..." is taken from Charles Dickens's B.  
 A. *Great Expectation*    B. *A Tale of Two Cities* C. *David Copperfield*    D. *Oliver Twist*
18. The heroine in Emily Bronte's Wuthering Heights is C.  
 A. Jane    B. Elizabeth    C. Catherine    D. Charlotte
19. T. S. Eliot's B is regarded as the first masterpiece of Modernism in English.  
 A. *The Love Song of J. Alfred Prufrock*    B. *The Waste Land*    C. *Four Quartets*    D. *Murder in the Cathedral*
20. The greatest contemporary British poet is D, who won the Nobel Prize for literature in 1995.  
 A. Dylan Thomas    B. Philip Larkin    C. Ted Hughes    D. Seamus Heaney
21. Virginia Woolf was a famous novelist, critic and feminist during the D. A  
 A. 20<sup>th</sup> century England    B. 18<sup>th</sup> century England    C. 20<sup>th</sup> century America  
 D. 19<sup>th</sup> century America
22. James Joyce was known as the founder of the stream of consciousness. His masterpiece Ulysses records the mental activities of three C people in about nineteen hours.  
 A. British    B. American    C. Irish    D. French
23. A Passage to India was written by the British realistic novelist A.  
 A. E.M. Forster    B. George Eliot    C. Thomas Hardy    D. Sir Walter Scott
24. B wrote some of the most beautiful odes in the English language, which had the titles such as When We Two Parted.
- John Keats    B. Lord Byron    C. Shelley    D. John Keats
25. C is a great Transcendental work, which is a faithful reflection when Henry David Thoreau's solitary communion with nature.
- A. History    B. Civil Disobedience    C. Self Reliance