

杭 州 师 范 学 院

2007 年招收攻读硕士研究生入学考试题

考试科目代码： 426

考试科目名称： 英语语言学和英语教学理论

说明：1、命题时请按有关说明填写清楚、完整；

2、命题时试题不得超过周围边框；

3、考生答题时一律写在答题纸上，否则漏批责任自负；

4、除第二部分：英语教学理论部分的第二大题（回答问题）的第4小题外，其余全部用英语答题。

第一部分：英语语言学部分（80分）

Test for Linguistics

1.Fill in one of the blanks with one of the following choices (10 points)

A) Linguistic competence; B) Morphology; C) Descriptive linguistics; D) Syntax; E) Creativity;
F) Assimilation; G) Psycholinguistics; H) A phoneme; I) Diachronic linguistics; J) Phonology

- 1) _____ studies the way in which speakers of a language systematically use a selection of these sounds in order to express meaning.
- 2) _____ studies the internal organization of words, that is the minimal units of meaning- morphemes and word-formation process.
- 3) _____ is about principles of forming and understanding correct English sentences.
- 4) _____ is the smallest linguistic unit of sound that can signal a difference in meaning.
- 5) _____ investigates the interrelation of language and mind, in processing and producing utterances and in language acquisition for example.
- 6) _____ refers to the change of a sound as a result of the influence of an adjacent sound, which is more specifically called "contact" or "contiguous" assimilation.
- 7) _____ refers to a language user's underlying knowledge about the system of rules.
- 8) _____ refers to the study of a language through the course of its history.
- 9) _____ refers to the study of describing how things are.
- 10) _____ means language is resourceful because of its duality and its recursiveness.

2.Fill in the blanks with suitable linguistic terms. (15 points)

- 1) NUMBER is mostly a category of the noun and pronoun. _____ is also mostly a category of the noun and pronoun. _____ and _____ are two important categories of verb, and they were not separated in traditional grammar.
- 2) In Saussure's view, language is a system of signs, each of which consists of two parts: _____ (concept) and _____ (sound image).
- 3) Structural linguists realize a sentence does not only have a LINEAR structure, they also have a _____ structure.

- 4) Chomsky thinks we should make a distinction between two levels of structures: DEEP and _____ structures. The former may be defined as the abstract representation of syntactic properties of a construction, the latter is the final stage in the syntactic derivation of a construction.
- 5) According to the perspective of Prague Linguistic Circle, apart from the analysis of a sentence in terms of subject and predicate, there may also be a functional analysis in terms of THEME and _____.
- 6) Philosophers use _____, opposite to DENOTATION, to mean the properties of the entity a word denotes.
- 7) Words are in different sense relations with each other. _____ is the technical name for the sameness relation. Antonymy is the name for oppositeness relation. The _____ is of recent creation, which has not found its way to some small dictionaries yet.
- 8) Austin's first shot at the theory is the claim that there are two types of sentences: performatives and constatives. And verbs like name are called _____.
- 9) To specify the theory of conversational implication, Grice introduced four categories of maxims. They are Quantity, _____, Relation, and _____.
- 10) When discussing computer-assisted language learning, we have first to make a distinction between CAI and _____.

3. Define the following linguistic terms. (20 points)

- 1) "word"
- 2) "sentence"
- 3) the referential theory
- 4) sense relations
- 5) the types of morphemes

4. Different linguistic theories differ in their treatment of sentence structure. We know there are four representative approaches to syntax, traditional approach, structural approach, generative approach and functional approach. Discuss one of them. (20 points)

5. Through IC (Immediate Constituent) analysis, the internal structure of a sentence may be demonstrated clearly, and ambiguities, if any, will be revealed. Please show the meanings for the following sentences with tree diagrams. (15 points)

Sentence 1: Poor Mary ran away. (7 points)

Sentence 2: Leave the pen on the desk. (8 points)

第二部分：英语教学理论部分（70 分）

I. Define the terms given: (20, 2 for each term)

1. second v. foreign language acquisition
2. structural syllabus

3. notional-functional syllabus
4. communicative syllabus
5. input hypothesis
6. interlanguage
7. negative transfer
8. overgeneralization
9. hypercorrection
10. proficiency test

II. Answer the following questions: (50)

1. In what ways is linguistics associated with foreign language teaching? (15)
2. How does linguistics contribute to the research in language teaching? (15)
3. What is your understanding of English education in the Chinese context? (10)
4. 在高等学校英语专业英语教学大纲中有这样一段话：“21 世纪是一个国际化的知识经济时代。我们所面临的挑战决定了 21 世纪我国高等学校英语专业人才的培养目标和规格：这些人才应具有扎实的基本功、宽广的知识面、一定的相关专业知识、较强的能力和较高的素质。”请谈谈你对这段话认识。（请用中文回答这道题）(10)