

昆明理工大学 2009 年硕士研究生招生入学考试试题

考试科目代码：211

考试科目名称：英语

试题适用招生专业：单考

考生答题须知

1. 所有题目（包括填空、选择、图表等类型题目）答题答案必须做在考点发给的答题纸上，做在本试题册上无效。请考生务必在答题纸上写清题号。
2. 评卷时不评阅本试题册，答题如有做在本试题册上而影响成绩的，后果由考生自己负责。
3. 答题时一律使用蓝、黑色墨水笔或圆珠笔作答（画图可用铅笔），用其它笔答题不给分。
4. 答题时不准使用涂改液等具有明显标记的涂改用品。

Part I Vocabulary and structure (20%)

Directions: In this section, there are 40 sentences. For each sentence there are four choices marked A), B), C) and D). Choose one of the words which is closest in meaning to the underlined word or to complete the sentence and mark your answer on the answer sheet with a single line through the center.

1. He was wearing a decent suit in the party last night.
A. suitable B. tight C. loose D. tidy
2. Several car manufactures will boot half of their workers because of the economic difficulties.
A. discount B. dispose C. dismiss D. disclose
3. A(n) frugal buyer purchases fruit and vegetables in season.
A. careful B. clever C. ignorant D. economical
4. They had ample funds to cover the cost of the trip.
A. luxurious B. sample C. sufficient D. superb
5. Eventually, the case proved to have nothing to do with him.
A. Remarkably B. Naturally C. Noticeably D. Ultimately
6. All the living things have certain attributes that are passed on from one generation to the next.
A. cells B. viruses C. traits D. flaws
7. Traffic was moving at a crawl.
A. at a low pace B. at an instant moment
C. within a certain distance D. with a rapid speed
8. The story rings true.
A. tells B. speaks C. sounds D. recounts

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9. There have been a modest decrease in house prices this year.
A. little B. humble C. simple D. quiet
10. The country made social and political gains under the new government.
A. rewards B. progress C. victories D. increase
11. The film received generally _____ reviews.
A. regular B. favorable C. desperate D. innocent
12. The man was _____ of speeding.
A. charged B. accused C. blamed D. criticized
13. _____ are that he will win the game.
A. Chances B. Opportunities C. Probabilities D. Fates
14. The police broke _____ the crowd.
A. out B. in C. up D. down
15. Your work is _____ all praise.
A. out of B. above C. beyond D. over
16. After being defeated, they _____ to the enemy.
A. fell B. submitted C. took D. kept
17. They travelled from London to Paris _____ Dover.
A. via B. through C. across D. by
18. They have _____ to the files.
A. way B. means C. path D. access
19. Don't waste energy _____ over such a minor matter.
A. fussing B. looking C. running D. handing
20. In the _____ of justice, I beg you to free the prisoner.
A. authority B. term C. terms D. name
21. This is the first time that I _____ this kind of refrigerator.
A. saw B. have seen C. am seeing D. see
22. Darwin proved that natural selection _____ the chief factor in the development of species
A. has been B. had been C. was D. is
23. His parents died when he was very young, so he _____ by his grandma.
A. was bred B. was fed C. was brought up D. was grown up

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24. Peter's record was not _____ on the team.
A. so good as all the players B. good as the players
C. so good as any other player's D. good than any other player
25. Why is there _____ traffic on the streets in February than in May.
A. fewer B. few C. little D. less
26. The story was said to _____ on the information from a reliable source.
A. being B. have been based C. base D. be based
27. The teacher have the students _____ in their paper before Friday.
A. to hand B. handed C. hand D. to be handed
28. The weather _____ fine, they decided to go out for a stroll.
A. is B. was C. having D. being
29. _____ in all parts of the country, pines are the most common trees in this part.
A. Found B. Finding them C. to find them D. They are found
30. I would appreciate _____ it a secret between us.
A. you to keep B. you keeping C. your keeping D. yours keeping
31. It is a waste of time _____ about it with them.
A. to be argued B. to argue C. being argued D. arguing
32. She found a place in the building _____ she used as her first laboratory.
A. which B. where C. in which D. when
33. The tree, the branches _____ are almost bare, is a very old one.
A. whose B. in which C. of which D. which
34. I don't think it'll rain, but I'll take an umbrella _____ it does.
A. before B. in case C. unless D. as if
35. _____ was to return to school.
A. That really interested him B. Which really interested him
C. That interested him really D. What really interested him
36. It was _____ that the economy started to be revived.
A. 1990 B. in 1990 C. of 1990 D. 1990's
37. No sooner _____ than he realized that he should have remained silent.
A. had the words been spoken B. the words had been spoken
C. the words had spoken D. had the words spoken

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The motion-picture industry is divided into three branches ----- production, distribution, and exhibition. From about 1915 to the late 1940s, large movie studios controlled all three branches of the U.S. movie industry. The studios not only made the films, they distributed them to the theaters, the biggest and most important of which they owned. In 1948, the Supreme Court of the United States ruled that studio control over production, distribution, and exhibition was an illegal monopoly. The court ordered the motion-picture studios to give up their role as exhibitors. By 1953, most of the Hollywood studios had sold their movie theaters. Also during the late 1940s, the studios began to restrict their role in the production of movies, partly because of economic competition from television. The studios discovered that, in most cases, they could earn more money by financing and distributing movies made by independent producers.

This section deals with the distribution and exhibition branches of the movie industry. For information about production see the section *How motion pictures are made*. This section also describes attempts by government and private organizations to examine movies and the industry's own attempts at self-regulation. The section ends with a discussion of film festivals and awards.

Distributors are responsible for advertising the film and delivering it to its audience in theaters and in homes through television and video-cassettes. Major studios serve as the distributor for most American films. The remainder are handled by independent distribution companies. Some producers are able to secure distribution before the film is even made. At this early stage, distributors might be interested in the movie because of its star or because the film will be a sequel to a popular film. If the producers have not obtained distribution before filming, they usually wait until the final print of the film is made before presenting it to distributors.

46. "payroll" (Par. 1, sentence 3) means "_____."

- A. payment
- B. list of payment
- C. list of plays
- D. cast

47. Movie industry includes all the following branches EXCEPT _____

- A. production
- B. distribution
- C. exhibition
- D. self-regulation

48. In _____ the American Court began to enact a law against studio monopoly.

- A. 1950
- B. 1915
- C. 1948
- D. 1958

49. Which statement is NOT true according to this passage?

- A. People spend a lot of money on watching movies.

- B. People spend a lot of money on making movies.
- C. Studios are forced to give up production of movies.
- D. Televisions have impact on movies.

50. In which book is this section likely to be found?

- A. Movie Industry.
- B. Movies and Televisions.
- C. Creation of Movies.
- D. Film Producer and Director.

Passage 3

Career education is instruction intended to help young people identify, choose, and prepare for a career. Such instruction may focus on a person's role in work, leisure, or family life. Career education differs from vocational education, which is designed to teach specific occupational skills.

Career education includes the formal and informal learning that occurs in the family, in the community, and in schools. In school, career education consists of instructive activities included in many courses. These activities are designed to improve the attitudes, knowledge, and skills important for work roles. For example, a science class might investigate careers in environmental fields, health, and marine sciences. Career education helps students develop self-understanding and use it to plan their education and working life.

A complete career education program in school begins in kindergarten and continues at least through high school. Many colleges and universities also offer career education through their counseling programs. In kindergarten and elementary school, youngsters learn about different types of work. In middle school or junior high school, children begin to explore the occupations and leisure activities that interest them most. School counselors and teachers help children find educational and occupational opportunities that match their abilities and interests. In high school, students get more specific information about occupations and life styles. They may be in classroom, small group, or individual sessions where they learn how to make career decisions. They also should obtain the skills they need for further study or for a job after graduation. Counselors provide information on such matters as how to locate and apply for jobs and how to be successful in interviews.

Teachers and counselors use a variety of methods to provide career education, including films about occupations or industries. Children may invite parents or other adults to come to school and describe their jobs. A student may accompany a worker on the job. Cooperative education combines classroom study with practical work experience.

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51. According to the passage, which statement is true?
- A. Career education is carried out in primary schools.
 - B. Career education is carried out in middle schools.
 - C. Career education is carried out in colleges.
 - D. Career education is carried out in the whole process of children's education.
52. It may be inferred from the passage that_____
- A. not only teachers but also parents are responsible for the career education
 - B. in high school, students know more specific information about occupations
 - C. career education may be in classroom, small group, or individual sessions
 - D. teachers use a variety of methods to provide career education, including films
53. A child may get career education in all the following places EXCEPT_____
- A. school
 - B. family
 - C. community
 - D. public places
54. "Kindergarten" (Para.3, sentence 3) is a place for_____years old children.
- A. 3—5
 - B. 7—8
 - C. 9—10
 - D. 11—12
55. "Combine" in the last paragraph means_____.
- A. connect
 - B. force
 - C. merge
 - D. undertake

Passage 4

A variety of simple techniques can prevent computer crime, but more sophisticated methods are also necessary to prevent computer crimes.

One technique to protect confidentiality is encryption. Information can be scrambled and unscrambled using mathematical equations and a secret code called a key. Two keys are usually employed, one to encode and the other to decode the information. The key that encodes the data, called the private key, is possessed by only the sender. The key that decodes the data, called the public key, may be possessed by several receivers. The keys are modified periodically, further hampering unauthorized access and making the encrypted information difficult to decode or forge.

Another technique to prevent computer crime is to limit access of computer data files to approved users. Access-control software verifies computer users and limits their privileges to view and alter files. Records can be made of the files accessed, thereby making users accountable for their actions. Military

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organizations give access rights to classified, confidential, secret, or top secret information according to the corresponding security clearance level of the user. Passwords are confidential sequences of characters that give approved users access to computers. To be effective, passwords must be difficult to guess. Effective passwords contain a mixture of characters and symbols that are not real words.

Tokens are tamper-resistant plastic cards with microprocessor chips that contain a stored password that automatically and frequently changes. When a computer is accessed using a token, the computer reads the token's password, as well as another password entered by the user, and matches these two to an identical token password generated by the computer and the user's password, which is stored on a confidential list. In the future, passwords and tokens may be reinforced by biometrics, identification methods that use unique personal characteristics, such as fingerprints, skin oils, voice variations, and keyboard-typing rhythms.

Computer networks, multiple computers linked together, are particularly vulnerable to computer crimes. Information on networks can be protected by a firewall, a computer placed between the networked computers and the network. The firewall prevents unauthorized users from gaining access to the computers on a network, and it ensures that information received from an outside source does not contain computer viruses, self-replicating computer programs that interfere with a computer's functions.

56. Which of the following statements best expresses the main idea of the passage?

- A. There are many techniques used to prevent computer crime.
- B. People are eager to commit computer crime.
- C. Encryption is a useful technique to protect confidentiality.
- D. Password can prevent computer crime.

57. According to Paragraph 2, the keys are changed frequently in order to_____.

- A. encode more data
- B. decode more data
- C. give people more private keys
- D. make information difficult to decode

58. Which of the following passwords does not belong to biometrics?

- A. Numbers.
- B. Fingerprints.
- C. Skin oils.
- D. Voice variations.

59. "Vulnerable" in the last paragraph is closest in meaning to "_____."

- A. susceptible
- B. changeable
- C. valuable
- D. dependable

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60. According to this passage, “firewall” refers to “_____”.

- A. network functions
- B. access to information on a network
- C. a piece of device that protects the computers from being invaded or destroyed
- D. computer virus that can copy computer programs

Part III Translate the following Passage into Chinese (20%)

Sustainable management is seen as a practical and economical way of protecting species from extinction. Instead of depending on largely ineffective laws against illegal hunting, it gives local people a good economic reason to preserve plants and animals. In Zimbabwe, for instance, there is a sustainable management project to protect elephants. Foreign tourists pay large sums of money to kill these animals for sport. This money is then given to the inhabitants of the area where the hunting takes place. In theory, locals will be encouraged to protect elephants instead of hunting them illegally or allowing others to do so because of the economic benefit involved.

Part IV Writing (20%)

In this part, you are asked to write a passage based on the following topic “**Owning Private Cars**” in at least 150 words. Your writing should be based on the following outline.

1. 私人轿车正逐渐走进百姓家庭。
2. 私人轿车的优点和缺点。
3. 你自己的观点。