

物理电子学院 2003 年研究生招生复试试题

适用科目：电磁场与电磁波 / 电磁场与微波技术 / 电动力学

共 5 道题，任选 4 题，每题 25 分，满分 100 分。

闭卷考试，可带英汉词典和计算器。

考试时间 120 分钟，可用英文或中文答题。

Problem 1. Vector addition of four fields. Four 3-pC charges are at the corners of a 1-m square. The two charges on the left side of the square are positive. The two charges on the right side are negative. Find the field E at the center of the square.

$$\epsilon_r = 1 \text{ and } \epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C(Vm)}^{-1}.$$

Problem 2. Sandwich capacitor. Referring to Fig. 2, the capacitor is a sandwich of two dielectric media of the same thickness ($d=1\text{cm}$). Plate area $A = 100\text{cm}^2$. Neglect the field outside the capacitor, called fringing field. Find: (a) electric fields E_1 and E_2 , voltages V_1 and V_2 , and electric flux densities D_1 and D_2 ; (b) capacitance.

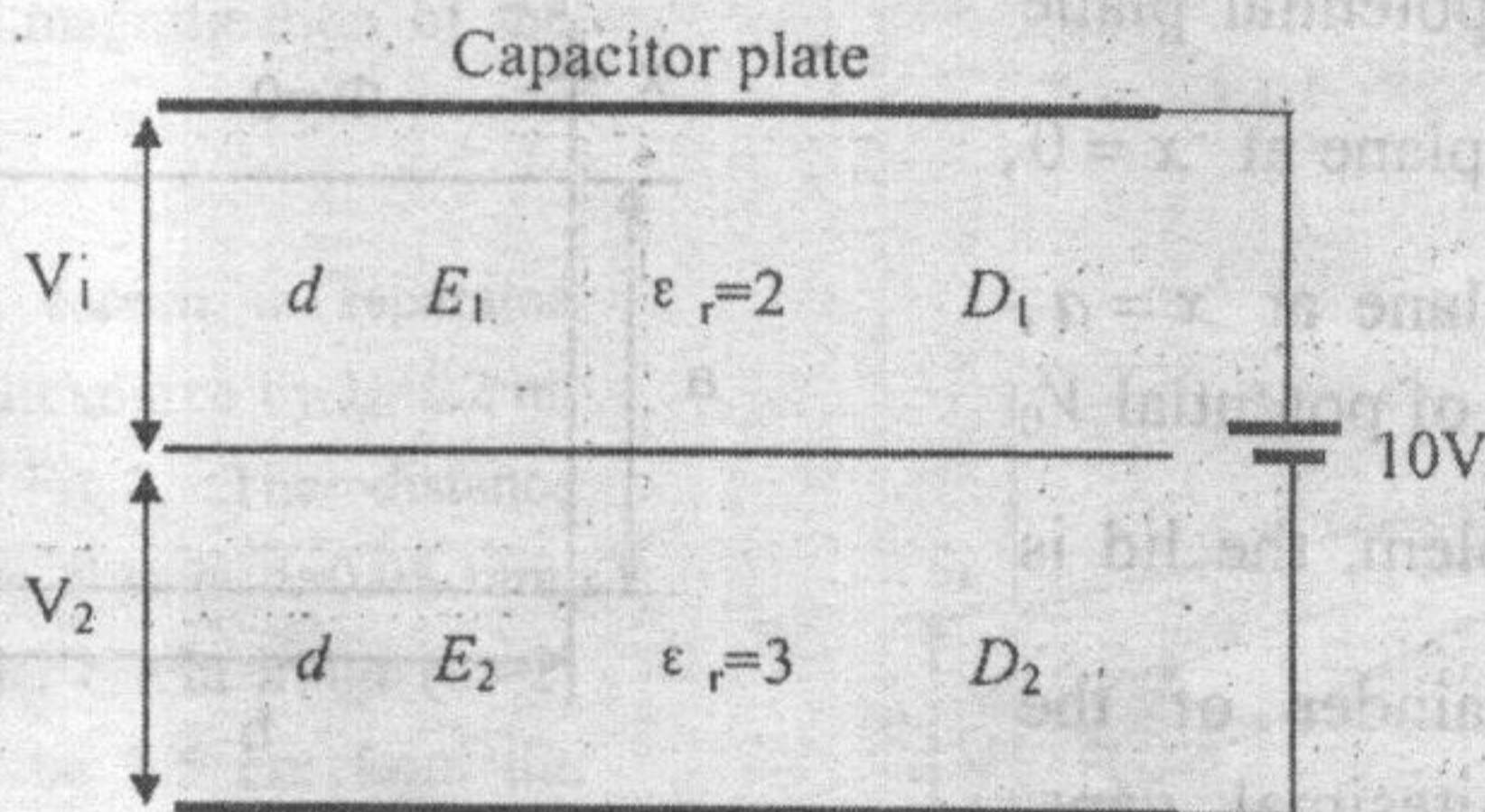


Fig.2

Problem 3. Ocean penetration. Calculate the ocean depths at which a 10^{-6}Vm^{-1} field will be obtained with E at the surface equal to 1Vm^{-1} at frequencies of 1, 10, 100, and 1000 kHz. $\sigma = 4(\Omega m)^{-1}$ and $\epsilon_r = 80$ for sea water. What is the most suitable frequency for communication by wireless with undersea craft?

Hint. Let $x = 0$ at the surface of the ocean, with x increasing positively into the sea water. The wave equation for the sea water is

$$\frac{\partial^2 E}{\partial x^2} - \gamma^2 E = 0$$

where $\gamma^2 = j\omega\mu\sigma - \omega^2\mu\epsilon$, and $\mu = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ Hm}^{-1}$.

Problem 4. Multiple images. For a charge in the vicinity of the intersection of two conducting planes, such as q in the region of AOB of Fig. 4, find the potential in the region of AOB . The angle AOB is 45-degree.

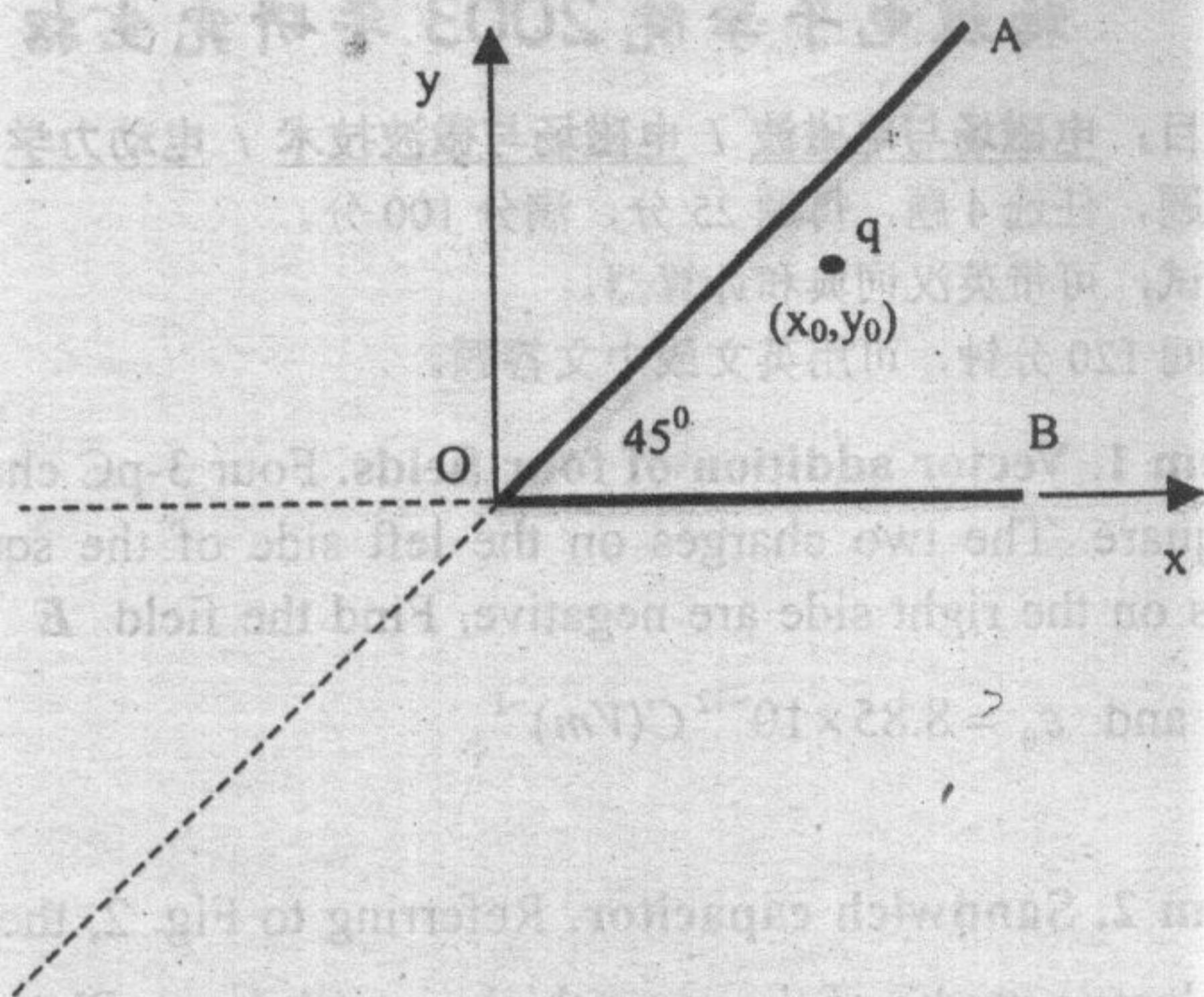


Fig.4

Problem 5. Two-dimensional problem with specified boundary potentials.

Consider the two-dimensional region of Fig.5 bounded by a zero-potential plane at $y = 0$, a zero-potential plane at $x = 0$, a parallel zero-potential plane at $x = a$, and a plane conducting lid of potential V_0 at $y = b$. In the ideal problem, the lid is separated from the remainder of the rectangular box by infinitesimal gaps. Find the potential in the box.

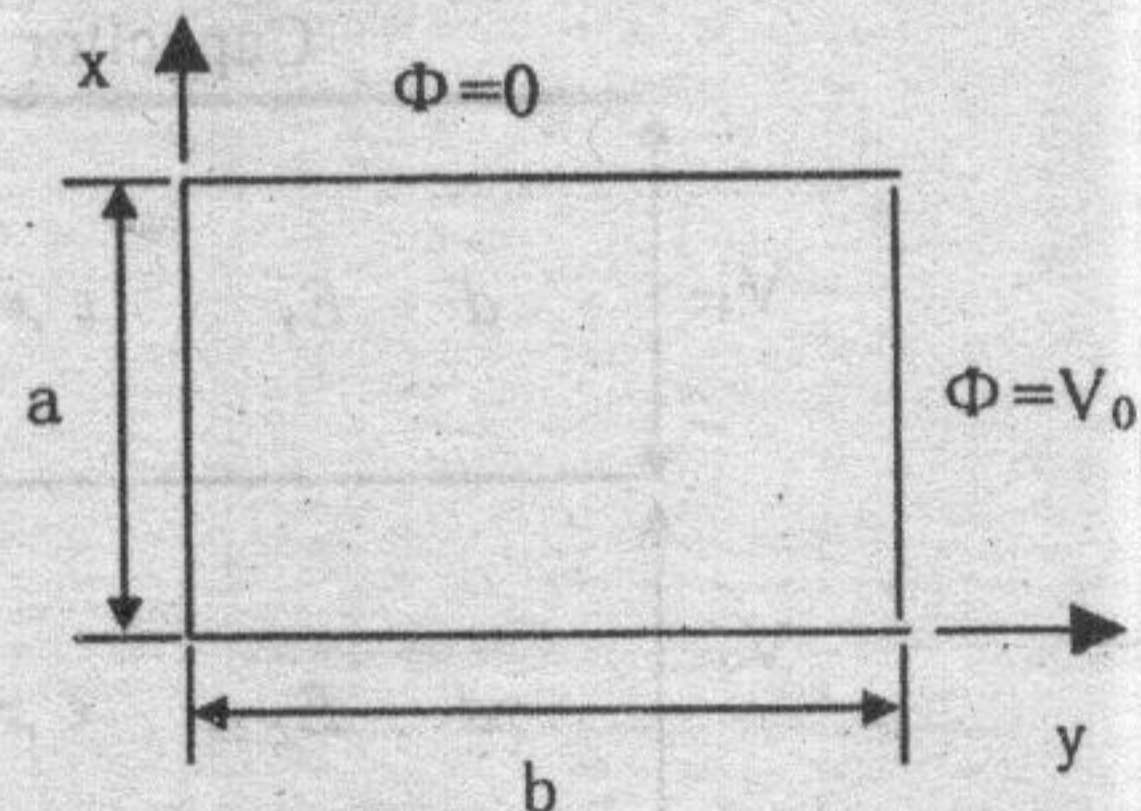


Fig.5